Abstract

The invention relates to a method for diagnosis of endometriosis, whereby the amount of gene product of at least one gene from the group that consists of fibronectin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-2, transmembrane receptor PTK7, platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha, collagen type XVIII alpha 1, subtilisin-like protein (PACE4), laminin M chain (merosin), elastin, collagen type IV alpha 2, p27 interferon alpha-inducible gene, reticulocalbin, aldehyde dehydrogenase 6, gravin, nidogen and phospholipase C epsilon is determined in a patient sample.